

Registration Data Access Protocol (RDAP)

Manual v1.3

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1 Introduction

This document describes SIDN's support for the RDAP protocol.

RDAP was designed by based on the RFC's the Internet Engineering Task Force (*IETF*). RDAP returns data similar to that provided by the Whois service, but in a JSON-structured format. With RDAP, you can look up the following object classes:

- 1. Domains
- 2. Name servers
- 3. Entities

RDAP is intended to address deficiencies in the Whois protocol [RFC3912] that have been identified over time, including:

Lack of standardised command structures

Lack of standardised output and error structures

Lack of support for internationalisation and localisation

Lack of support for user identification, authentication and access control

RDAP builds upon HTTP and the "REST" (REpresentational State Transfer) architectural style. RDAP servers are web servers, and RDAP clients are web clients (including web browsers). RDAP responses are encoded in JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) and are machine-readable rather than human-readable.



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2 How to use RDAP

If you are developing an RDAP client, configure it to send HTTP requests.

- The URL for RDAP for the .amsterdam domain is https://rdap.nic.amsterdam/
- The URL for RDAP for the .politie domain is https://rdap.nic.politie/
- The URL for RDAP for the .nl domain is https://rdap.sidn.nl/

GET	Domain name	Name Server	Entity (registrar)
HTTP Method	GET HEAD	GET HEAD	GET HEAD
HTTP Response	See <u>data output</u>	See <u>data output</u>	See <u>data output</u>
(Responses are in			
JSON format)			
HTTP	< RDAP domain	<rdap domain<="" td=""><td><rdap domain="" name="">/</rdap></td></rdap>	<rdap domain="" name="">/</rdap>
	name>/domain/	name>/nameserver/	entity/ <handle></handle>
	<domain name=""></domain>	<name name="" server=""></name>	

2.1 HTTP Error Codes

- 400: Occurs when we receive an invalid request (malformed path, unsupported object type, TLD, etc).
- 401: Occurs when we cannot authorise the interface for the TLD <TLD>
- 404: #domainname# is free
- 200: #domainname# is excluded from registration (in case of NNDN or withheld)
- 404: Name server <nameservername> does not exist
- 404: Entity <IANA id> does not exist

2.2 RDAP Clients

A number of client support RDAP for example:

- CentralNic maintains the Net::RDAP library for the Perl programming language. This
 library is a full implementation of the complete RDAP specification. It can be installed from
 CPAN, and more information may be found at:
 - https://gitlab.centralnic.com/centralnic/perl-net-rdap
- rdapper is a command-line program which uses Net::RDAP to implement an interface similar to traditional Whois clients. It can also be downloaded from CPAN, but more information may be found here:
 - https://github.com/gbxyz/rdapper

2.3 References

- RFC7480: HTTP Usage in the Registration Data Access Protocol (RDAP)
- RFC7481: Security Services for the Registration Data Access Protocol (RDAP)
- RFC7482: Registration Data Access Protocol (RDAP) Query Format
- RFC9083 JSON Responses for Registration Data Access Protocol(RDAP)
- RFC9224 Finding the Authoritative Registration Data Access Protocol (RDAP) Service
- RFC8056: Extensible Provisioning Protocol (EPP) and Registration Data Access Protocol (RDAP) Status Mapping



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2.4 Future of Port 43 Whois

Once RDAP has been deployed, ICANN no longer requires gTLD registries to provide a port-43 Whois service. However, in order to reduce disruption to users, SIDN will carry out a phased sunset plan to give users time to upgrade their systems to use RDAP. We will provide more information about our plans to phase out the port-43 service in due course.

2.5 Feedback and questions

If you have any feedback or questions, please e-mail support@sidn.nl.



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3 Roles

RDAP role Details

registrant The entity object instance is the registrant.

technical The entity object instance is a technical contact for the registration.

administrative The entity object instance is an administrative contact for the registration.

The entity object instance handles network abuse issues on behalf of the

registrant.

billing The entity object instance handles payment and billing issues on behalf of the

registrant.

registrar The entity object instance represents the authority responsible for the

registration.

reseller The entity object instance represents a third party through which the

registration was conducted (i.e. neither the registry nor the registrar).

sponsor The entity object instance represents a domain policy sponsor, such as an

ICANN-approved sponsor.

proxy The entity object instance represents a proxy for another entity object, such as a

registrant.

notifications An entity object instance designated to receive notifications about associated

object instances.

noc The entity object instance handles communications related to a network

operations centre (NOC).

4 Statuses

Status Details

validated Signifies that the data regarding the object instance has been found to be

accurate. This type of status is usually assigned to entity object instances to note

the validity of identifying contact information.

renew prohibited Renewal or reregistration of the object instance is forbidden.

update prohibited Updates to the object instance are forbidden.

transfer Transfers of the registration from one registrar to another are forbidden. This

prohibited type of status normally applies to DNR domain names.

delete prohibited Deletion of the registration of the object instance is forbidden. This type of

status normally applies to DNR domain names.

proxy The registration of the object instance has been performed by a third party. This

is most commonly applied to entities.

private The information regarding the object instance is not designated for public

consumption. This is most commonly applied to entities.

removed Some of the information regarding the object instance has not been made

available and has been removed. This is most commonly applied to entities.

obscured Some of the information regarding the object instance has been altered to

prevent immediate disclosure. This is most commonly applied to entities.



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associated The object instance is associated with other object instances in the registry. This

is most commonly used to signify that a name server is associated with a domain or that an entity is associated with a network resource or domain.

The object instance is in use. For domain names, it signifies that the domain

name is published in the DNS. For network and autnum registrations, it

signifies that they are allocated or assigned for use in operational networks. This

maps to the "OK" status of the Extensible Provisioning Protocol (EPP)

[RFC5730].

inactive The object instance is not in use. See "active".

locked Changes to the object instance, including the association of other object

instances, cannot be made.

pending create A request has been received for the creation of the object instance, but this

action is not yet complete.

pending renew A request has been received for the renewal of the object instance, but this

action is not yet complete.

pending transfer A request has been received for the transfer of the object instance, but this

action is not yet complete.

pending update A request has been received for the update or modification of the object

instance, but this action is not yet complete.

pending delete A request has been received for the deletion or removal of the object instance,

but this action is not yet complete. For domains, this might mean that the name is no longer published in the DNS, but has not yet been purged from the registry

database.

5 Data output

active

The output is in three parts, which can be requested separately:

- Domain name
- Registrar
- Name server

5.1 Domain name

Fields and responses for 'domain name'.

Field RDAP response element

Domain name ldhName Registry Domain ID handle

Registrar WHOIS Server (port43)

Updated Date events.eventAction "last changed"
Creation Date events.eventAction "Registration"
Registry Expiry Data events.eventAction "expiration"

Domain status status object

Name server nameservers.ldhname DNSSEC secureDNS object



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Internationalized Domain Name unicodeName

IP Adress nameserver.ipAddresses

Last update of RDS Database Events.eventAction "last update of RDAP database"

(sponsoring) Registrar Entities.roles.registrar (sponsoring) Registrar IANA ID publicIDs.identifier

Registrar Registration Expiration Date events.eventAction "registrar expiration"

Reseller Entities.roles reseller
Registrar Abuse Contact Email Entities.role abuse email
Registrar Abuse Contact Phone Entities.role abuse phone

Registry Registrant ID Entity.handle
Registrant Name jCard "fn"
Registrant Organization Org

Registrant Street Grouped into adr member

Registrant City

Registrant State/Province Registrant Postal Code Registrant Country

Registrant Phone Tel type parameter voice

Registrant Phone Ext Ext

Registrant Fax Tel type parameter fax

Registrant Fax Ext
Registrant Email
Registry Admin ID
Admin Name
Ext
Email
Entity.handle
jCard "fn"

Admin Street Grouped into adr member

Org

Admin State/Province

Admin Organization

Admin City

Admin Postal Code Admin Country

Admin Phone Tel type parameter voice

Admin Phone Ext Ext

Admin Fax Tel type parameter Fax

Admin Fax Ext

Admin Email

Registry Tech ID

Tech Name

Tech Organization

Email

entity.handle

jCard "fn"

Org

Tech City Grouped into adr member

Tech street

Tech State/Province Tech Postal Code

Tech Country

Tech Phone Tel type parameter voice

Tech Phone Ext Ext



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Tech Fax Tel type parameter Fax

Tech Fax Ext
Tech Email
Email

5.2 Registrar

Field RDAP response element

Registrar jCard fn

Registrar IANA ID entities.publicIDs.identifier
Street Grouped into the adr member

City

State/Province

Country

Phone Number Tel with a type parameter voice

Phone Number Ext

Fax Number Tel with a type parameter fax

Fax Number Ext

Email email

Registrar URL Referral URL
Admin Contact jCard fn

Phone Number Tel with a type parameter voice

Phone Number Ext

Fax Number Tel with a type parameter fax

Fax Number Ext

Email email
Technical Contact jCard fn

Phone Number Tel with a type parameter voice

Phone Number Ext

Fax Number Tel with a type parameter fax

Fax Number Ext

Email email

Last update of RDS Database Events.eventAction "last update of RDAP database"

5.3 Name server

Field RDAP response element

Server name ldhName
IP Address ipAddresses
Registrar jcard fn

Registrar IANA ID entities.publicIDs.identifier

Referral URL

Last update of RDS Database Events.eventAction "last update of RDAP database"



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5.4 DNSSEC

DelegationSigned means that at least one DNSkey is associated with the domain name.

DelegationSigned? DNSSEC status Example

Yes 'true' "secureDNS": {"delegationSigned": true}
No 'false' "secureDNS": {"delegationSigned": false}

5.5 Auteursrechtvoorbehoud/Copyright notice

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